

Person-Centered Care Coordination

December 8, 2016



Presenters

- Department of Social Services (DSS)
 - Person-Centered Medical Home (PCMH) Program Lead
 - Erica Garcia-Young, MPH

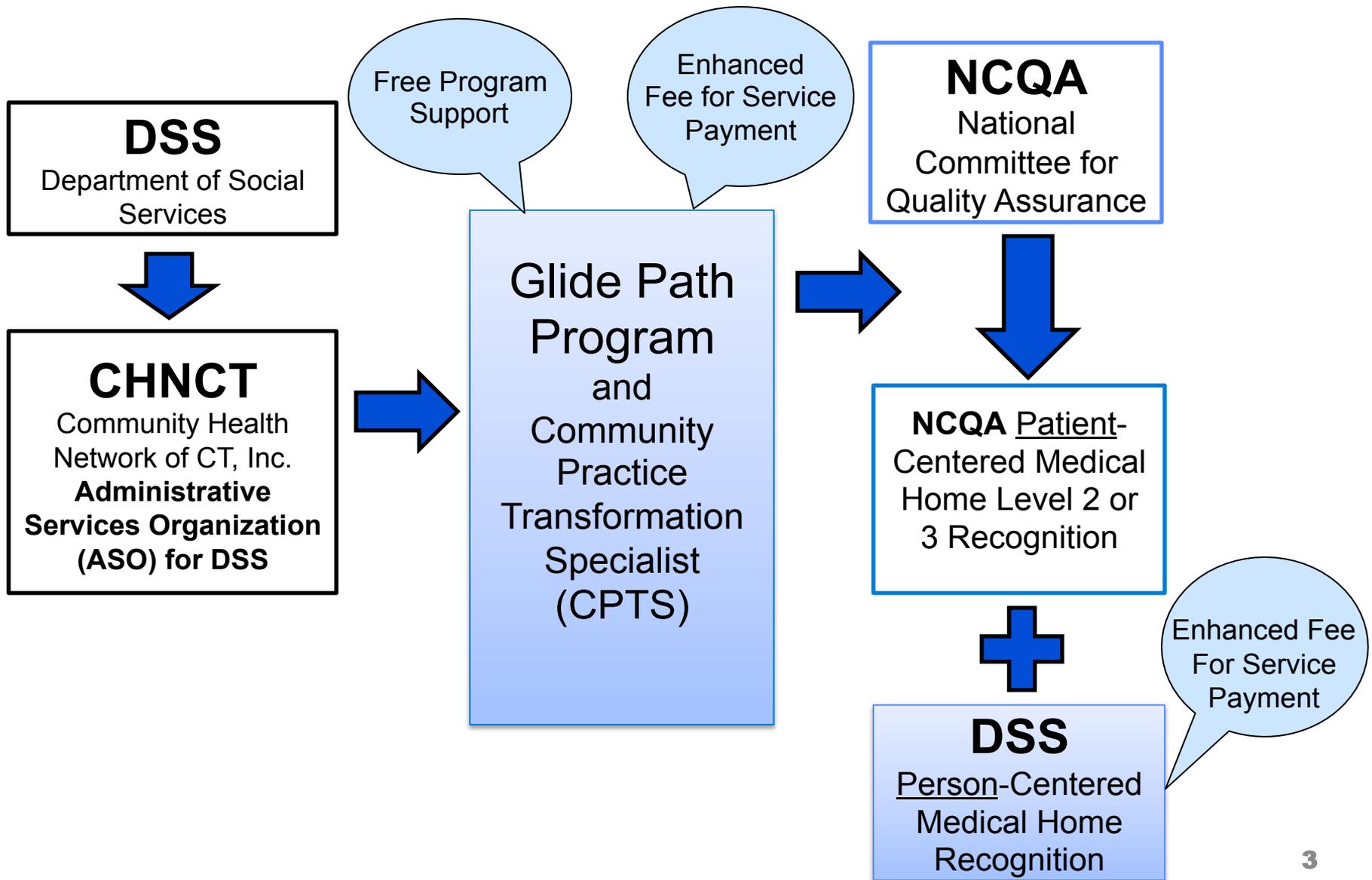
- Community Health Network of Connecticut, Inc. (CHNCT)
 - Community Practice Transformation Specialist (CPTS)
 - Kathy Roy, MBA, NCQA PCMH CCE

Learning Objectives

- Understand the DSS PCMH & the National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA) Patient-Centered Medical Home
- Describe person-centered care
- Define and provide an understanding of care coordination
- Recognize the need for an effective care coordination workflow
- Discover how to improve clinical quality outcomes
- Identify important CHNCT resources

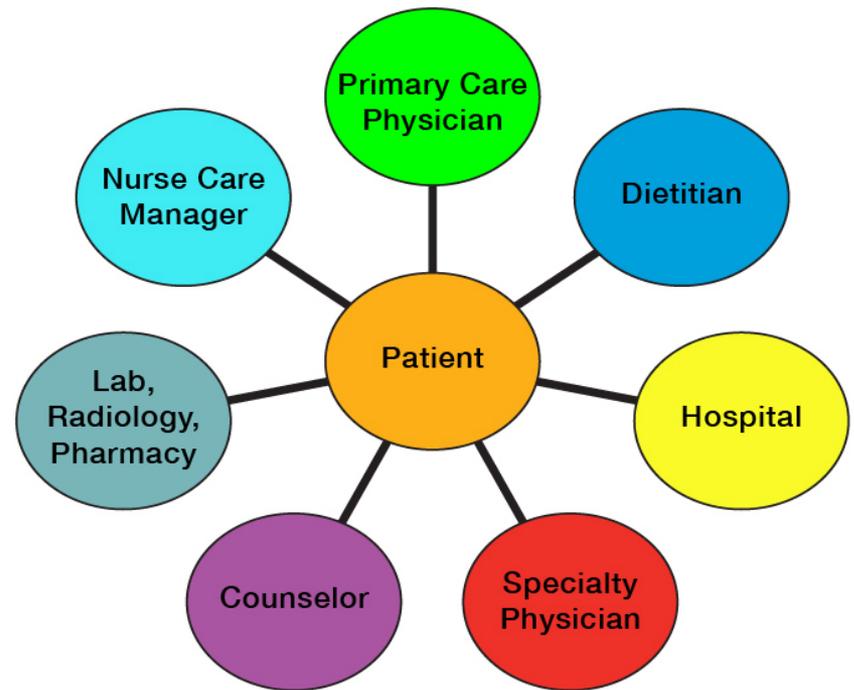


PCMH Program Structure



Patient-Centered Medical Home

- A PCMH has the patient at the center of the healthcare system
- The healthcare system provides primary care that is:
 - Accessible
 - Continuous
 - Comprehensive
 - Family-centered
 - Coordinated
 - Compassionate
 - Culturally effective



A Person-Centered Medical Home

Is available 24/7

Knows the patient and their health history

In a medical home the care team:

Ensures the patient understands their condition(s)

Helps coordinate the patient's health care

Person-Centeredness



What is Care Coordination?

“The deliberate organization of patient care activities between two or more participants (including the patient) involved in a patient’s care to facilitate the appropriate delivery of health care services.”



Primary Care Physician (PCP) Coordinates Care

Lab Tests

Imaging Tests

Specialist Visits

Hospital/Emergency Department Visits

Behavioral Health Services

Dental Services

Dietitian Visits

Physical/Occupational Therapist Visits

Facilities Transitions

Medication Reconciliation

Patient Self-care Results

Self-referrals

Prior Authorizations for Insurance



PCMH Model - Triple Aim

- Improve patient health outcomes through clinical quality
- Enhance patient experience
- Reduce healthcare costs



Continuous Quality Improvement

Design Elements of Care Coordination

Accountability

Patient Support

Relationships and Agreements

Connectivity



Pediatric Case Study

Clinical Summary:

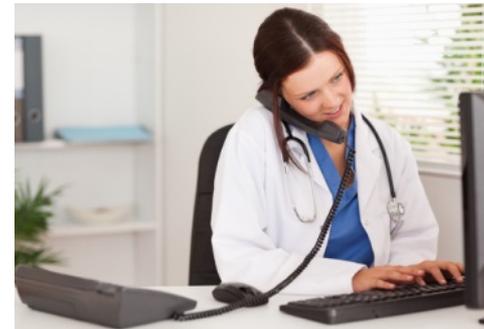
- 12 year-old boy
- Attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder and seizure disorder
- Hospitalized for uncontrolled seizures
- Seamless transition of care from hospital to home
- Scheduled post-hospitalization visit with pediatric practice within 7 days after discharge



Pediatric Case Study (cont'd)

PCMH Care Coordination Interventions:

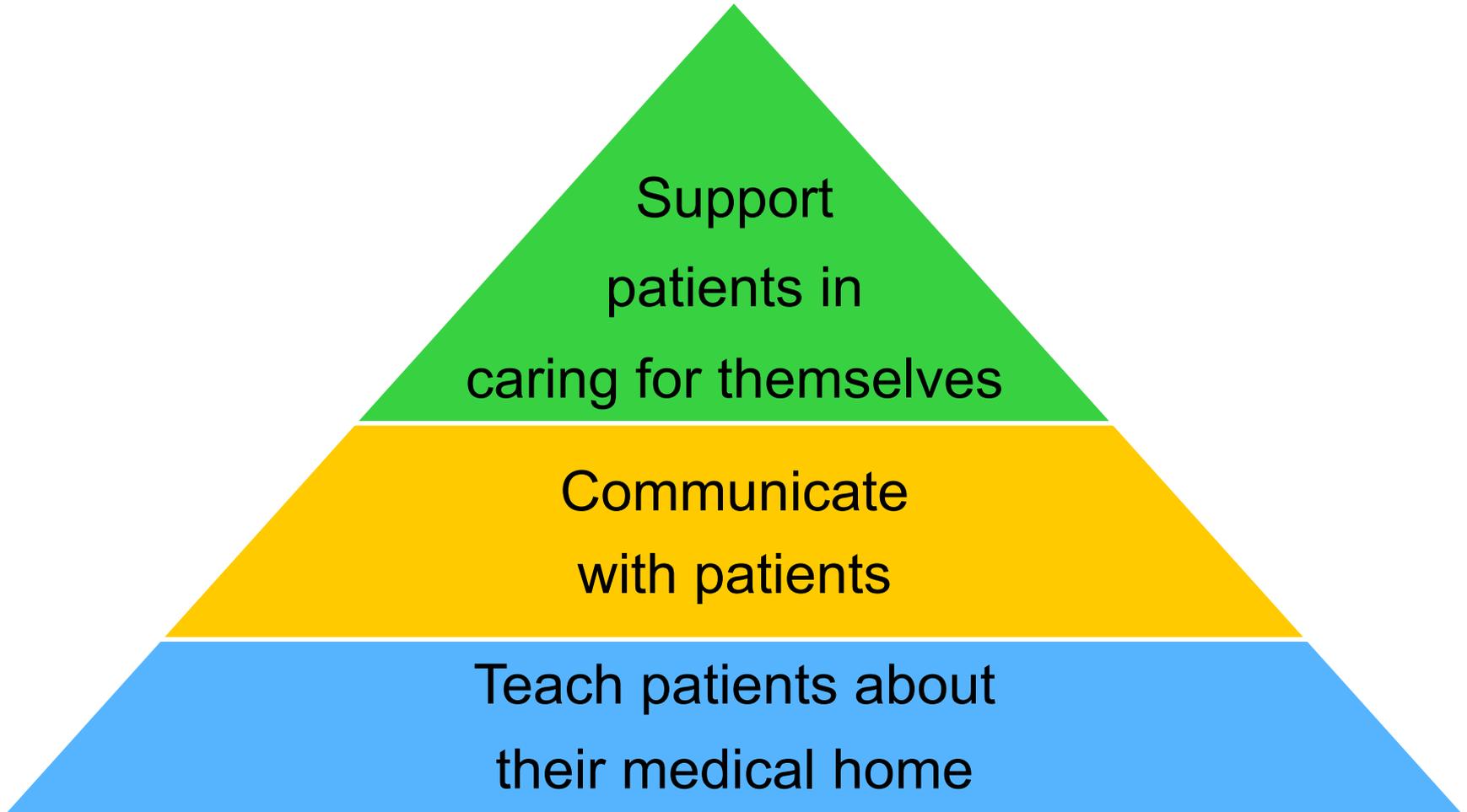
- Nurse proactively reached out to hospital for records
- Morning of visit
 - Medical team “huddled” to discuss patient and check all necessary information
- At visit
 - Pediatrician reviewed medications, conducted lab tests, and coordinated follow-up visit with specialist
 - Clinical Care Manager
 - Provided access to patient portal
 - Updated care plan
 - Sent care plan to school nurse



Outcome:

Care coordination efforts resulted in effective communication with the patient and specialists, collaboration with educational system, and access to community resources.

Care Team Responsibility



Care Coordination Challenges

Time & Capacity

- Manual and inefficient processes overburden the clinical staff

Data Management

- Insufficient system capabilities

Resources

- Navigating a complex healthcare system



Electronic Health Record Technology

■ Pre-visit Prep

- Gap-in-care alerts
- Reminder services
- Lab and test results

■ Point of Care

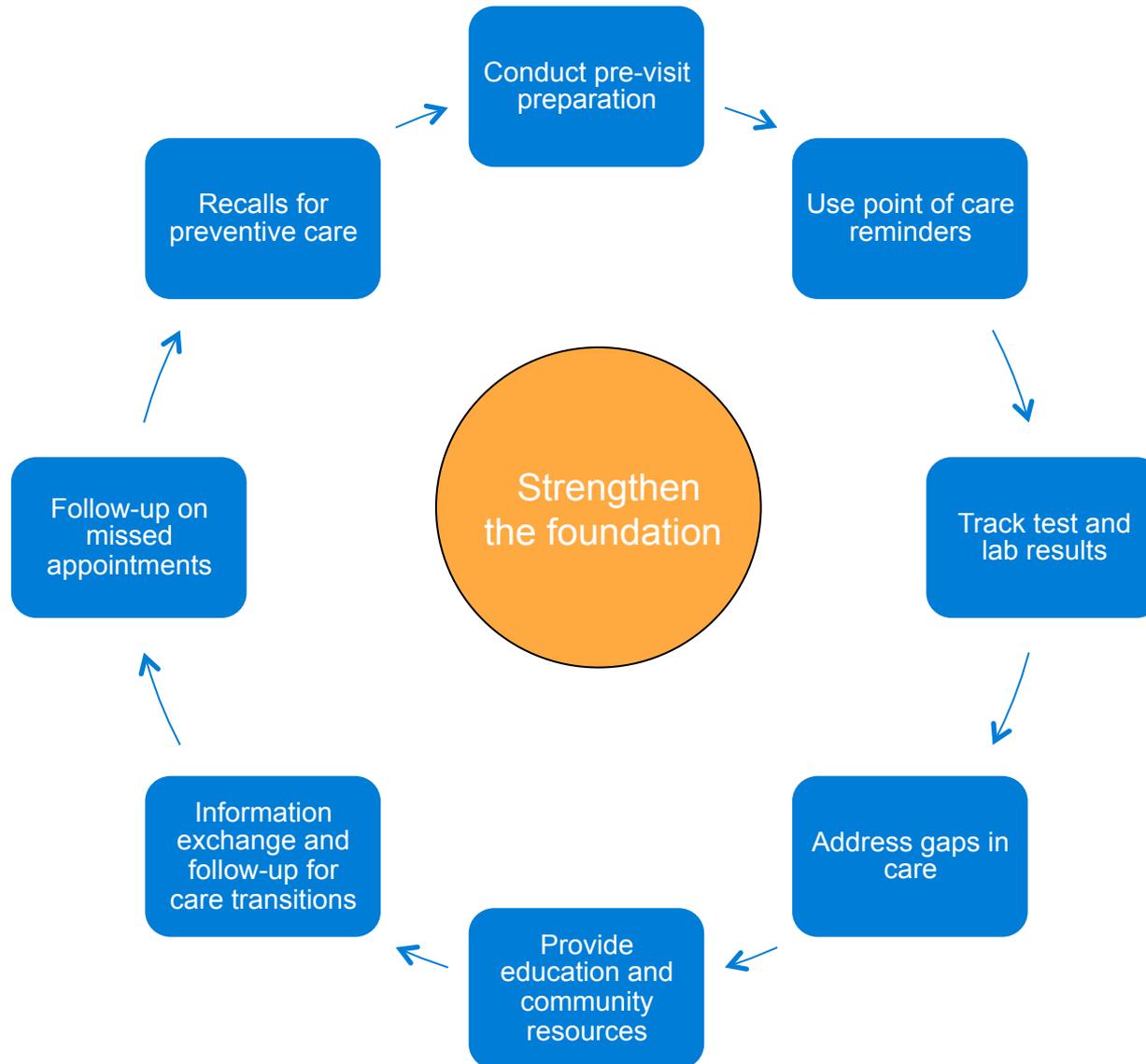
- Medication adherence
- Gap-in-care intervention
- Doctor/patient discussions
- Support enrollment

■ Post-visit Follow-up

- Specialist referrals
- Education and community resources



Care Coordination Workflow



Workflow Process

- Improve performance and increase efficiency
- Use technology pre-visit, at point of care and post-visit
- Identify and address challenges faced by staff and patients
- Decide what is and what is **NOT** realistic
- Analyze data to measure patient outcomes and effectiveness



Care Coordination & Continuity

- Staff Responsibilities
 - Effective communication
 - Teamwork
- Patient/Family Involvement
- Access to Information
 - Personalization of care



Care Coordination Success

Teamwork

Care Management

Medication Management

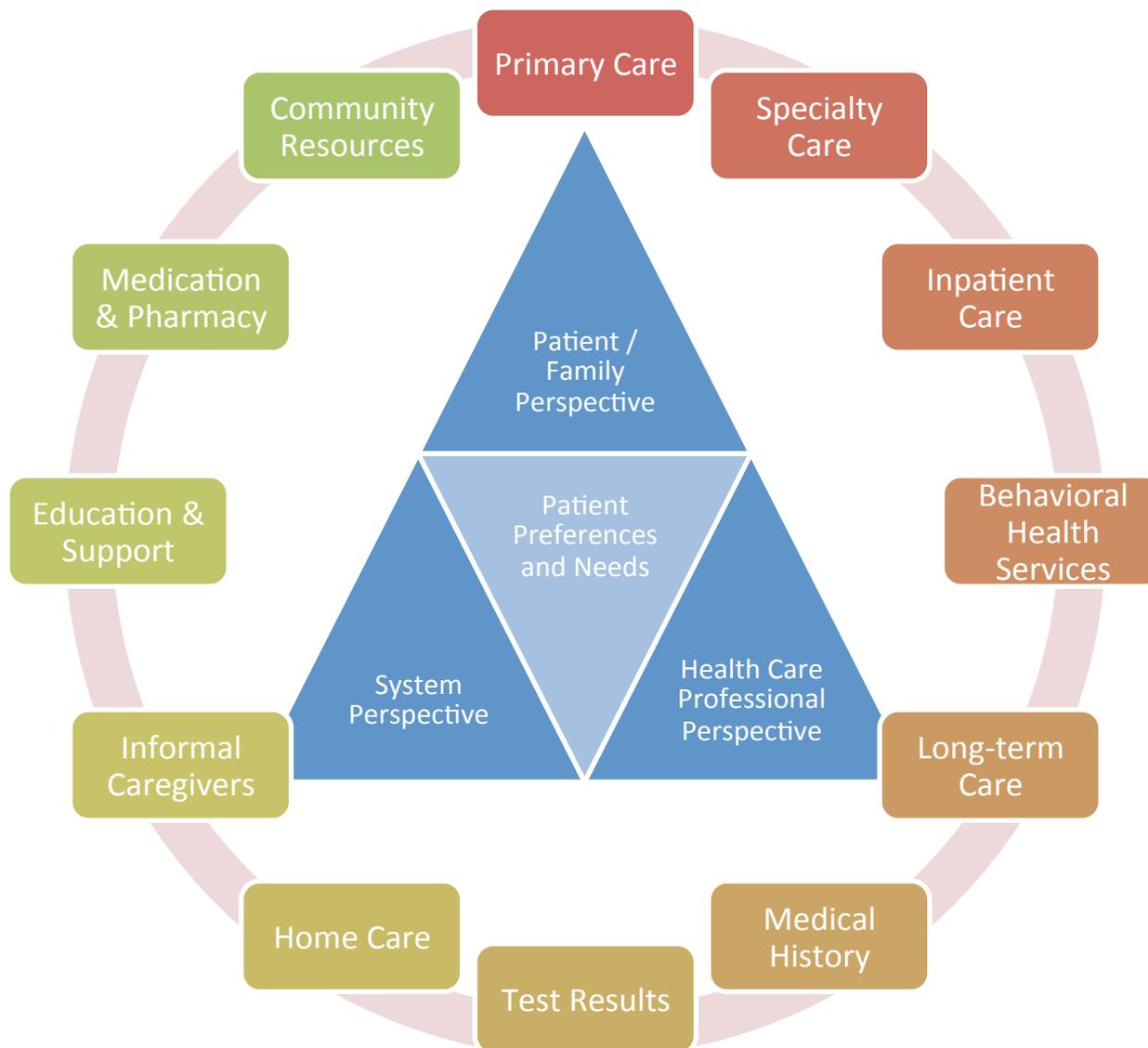
Reduced Cost of Care

Enhanced Patient and Family Engagement

Improved Communication Across Multiple Settings



Components of Person-Centeredness

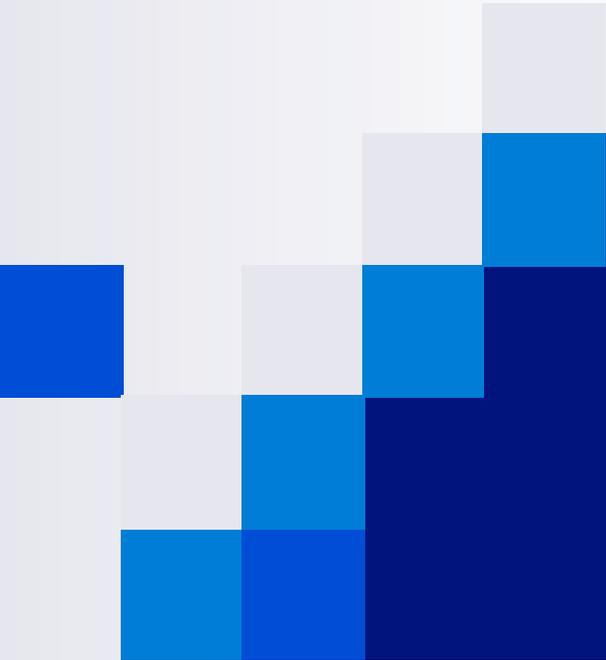


CHNCT Resources



- HUSKY Health website: www.ct.gov/husky
- Secure Provider Portal:
http://www.huskyhealthct.org/providers/providers_login.html
- CareAnalyzer®:
<https://careanalyzer.dsthealthsolutions.com/careanalyzer/login.aspx>
- HUSKY Health PCMH Microsite:
<http://www.huskyhealthct.org/providers/pcmh.html>
- Intensive Care Management & Community Health Worker Provider Line:
800.440.5071, ext. 2024
- CPTS Team
 - By email: pathwaytopcmh@chnct.org
 - By phone: 203.949.4194

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Questions/Comments